

CompTIA SecurityX Exam Preparation Course

Build the advanced governance, architecture, engineering, and operations skills the CompTIA SecurityX exam demands.

Group classes in Live Online and onsite training is available for this course. For more information, email onsite@graduateschool.edu or visit: <https://www.graduateschool.edu/courses/securityx-exam-preparation-course>



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Course Outline

Module 1: Course and Exam Orientation

- Lessons:
 - Exam format and domain weighting
 - How this course maps to the CAS-005 objectives
 - Building a personal study and practice plan
- Applied activity: Learners map their own job responsibilities against the four domains and identify their two weakest areas.

Module 2 (Objective 1.1): Implementing Governance Components

- Lessons:
 - Security program documentation and management
 - Governance frameworks and change management
 - GRC tools and data governance
- Applied activity: Learners build a RACI matrix for a new security policy rollout and identify a GRC tool to track its compliance status.

Module 3 (Objective 1.2): Performing Risk Management Activities

- Lessons:
 - Impact analysis and risk assessment
 - Third-party risk and availability/confidentiality risk
 - Integrity, privacy risk, and crisis management
- Applied activity: Learners score a scenario involving a subprocessor data breach and select the correct availability, confidentiality, and privacy risk responses.

Module 4 (Objective 1.3): Compliance and Information Security Strategy

- Lessons:
 - Industry-specific compliance and standards

- Security and reporting frameworks and audits
- Privacy regulation and cross-jurisdictional compliance
- Applied activity: Learners review a scenario describing a multinational data transfer and identify which privacy regulations and cross-jurisdictional obligations apply.

Module 5 (Objective 1.4): Threat Modeling

- Lessons:
 - Threat actor characteristics and attack patterns
 - Threat modeling frameworks
 - Attack surface determination and modeling methods
- Applied activity: Learners apply STRIDE to a sample application architecture diagram and identify the attack surface introduced by a described organizational change, such as a merger.

Module 6 (Objective 1.5): AI Adoption and Information Security Challenges

- Lessons:
 - Legal, privacy, and model-level threats
 - AI-enabled attacks and usage risk
 - Governing AI-enabled assistants and digital workers
- Applied activity: Learners review a proposed AI assistant deployment and design the access permissions, guardrails, and usage disclosure it needs before approval.

Module 7 (Objective 2.1): Designing Resilient Systems

- Lessons:
 - Security component placement
 - Availability and integrity design considerations
 - Applying resilient design to a scenario
- Applied activity: Learners place a set of security components onto a blank architecture diagram for a described resilient system requirement.

Module 8 (Objective 2.2): Security Throughout the Systems Life Cycle

- Lessons:
 - Security requirements and software assurance
 - CI/CD and supply chain risk
 - Hardware assurance and end-of-life considerations
- Applied activity: Learners select the correct software assurance technique for each stage of a described CI/CD pipeline and flag a missing SBOM step.

Module 9 (Objective 2.3): Integrating Controls into Secure Architecture

- Lessons:
 - Attack surface management and detection enablers
 - Information and data security design
 - Hybrid infrastructure, third-party integration, and control effectiveness
- Applied activity: Learners recommend sensor placement and a DLP control for a described hybrid infrastructure with a third-party integration.

Module 10 (Objective 2.4): Access, Authentication, and Authorization System Design

- Lessons:

- Provisioning, federation, and policy points
- Access control models and logging
- PKI architecture and access control systems
- Applied activity: Learners select the correct access control model for three described scenarios and design a certificate template for a new PKI use case.

Module 11 (Objective 2.5): Securely Implementing Cloud Capabilities

- Lessons:
 - CASB, shared responsibility, and CI/CD in the cloud
 - Container, serverless, and API security
 - Cloud data security and control strategies
- Applied activity: Learners review a cloud workload diagram and assign a CASB, container, and API control to close a described shadow IT and data exposure gap.

Module 12 (Objective 2.6): Integrating Zero Trust into System Architecture Design

- Lessons:
 - Continuous authorization and network architecture
 - API integration and asset identification
 - Security boundaries and deperimeterization
- Applied activity: Learners redesign a perimeter-based network into a zero trust architecture, defining security boundaries and selecting a deperimeterization technology.

Module 13 (Objective 3.1): Troubleshooting Identity and Access Management

- Lessons:
 - Subject access control and secrets management
 - Conditional access and privileged identity management
 - Authentication and authorization protocols
- Applied activity: Learners diagnose a described SSO failure and identify whether the root cause lies in the SAML assertion, the conditional access policy, or key rotation.

Module 14 (Objective 3.2): Enhancing Endpoint and Server Security

- Lessons:
 - Endpoint control and monitoring
 - Host-based protection technologies
 - Threat-actor tactics, techniques, and procedures against endpoints
- Applied activity: Learners review a sequence of endpoint events and identify which threat-actor TTP each step represents.

Module 15 (Objective 3.3): Troubleshooting Network Infrastructure Security

- Lessons:
 - Network misconfigurations and IPS/IDS issues
 - DNS and email security
 - TLS, PKI, and denial-of-service issues
- Applied activity: Learners review a network capture and email header showing a spoofed message, and identify which of DKIM, SPF, or DMARC failed to catch it.

Module 16 (Objective 3.4): Implementing Hardware Security Technologies

- Lessons:

- Roots of trust and coprocessors
- Boot integrity and tamper resistance
- Hardware-level threat-actor tactics
- Applied activity: Learners select the correct hardware root of trust and boot integrity control for a device that must resist firmware tampering.

Module 17 (Objective 3.5): Securing Specialized and Legacy Systems

- Lessons:
 - Operational technology and embedded systems
 - Security and privacy considerations for specialized systems
 - Industry-specific challenges and legacy system characteristics
- Applied activity: Learners design a segmentation approach for a described SCADA environment that cannot be patched, citing the safety constraint that rules out a standard patching approach.

Module 18 (Objective 3.6): Using Automation to Secure the Enterprise

- Lessons:
 - Scripting and infrastructure as code
 - Automated response and containment
 - Vulnerability scanning and workflow automation
- Applied activity: Learners draft a SOAR playbook step that automatically contains a host flagged by a CVSS-scored vulnerability scan.

Module 19 (Objective 3.7): Advanced Cryptographic Concepts

- Lessons:
 - Post-quantum cryptography
 - Key management and computation techniques
 - Performance, secrecy, and authentication trade-offs
- Applied activity: Learners evaluate a proposed cryptographic architecture for a long-lived data set and recommend whether post-quantum algorithms or envelope encryption better fit the retention requirement.

Module 20 (Objective 3.8): Applying Cryptographic Use Cases and Techniques

- Lessons:
 - Cryptographic use cases across data states
 - Provenance, authentication, and key management use cases
 - Cryptographic techniques
- Applied activity: Learners select the cryptographic use case and technique that best fit a described mobile payment scenario, justifying the choice against data-in-use and non-repudiation requirements.

Module 21 (Objective 4.1): Analyzing Data for Monitoring and Response

- Lessons:
 - SIEM and aggregate data analysis
 - Behavior baselines and diverse data sources
 - Alerting and reporting
- Applied activity: Learners triage a batch of SIEM alerts and rank them using the prioritization factors, then propose one SIEM tuning change to reduce noise.

Module 22 (Objective 4.2): Analyzing Vulnerabilities and Attacks to Reduce Attack Surface

- Lessons:
 - Injection, memory, and request-forgery vulnerabilities
 - Configuration, software, and cryptographic weaknesses
 - Mitigations
- Applied activity: Learners review a short code and traffic sample set, identify the vulnerability class present in each, and select a matching mitigation for each.

Module 23 (Objective 4.3): Threat-Hunting and Threat Intelligence

- Lessons:
 - Internal and external intelligence sources
 - Counterintelligence and threat intelligence platforms
 - Rule-based detection languages and indicators of attack
- Applied activity: Learners draft a hypothesis-based hunt using a described threat intelligence feed and translate one indicator of compromise into a Sigma rule.

Module 24 (Objective 4.4): Incident Response Data and Artifact Analysis

- Lessons:
 - Malware and reverse-engineering analysis
 - Storage, network, host, and metadata analysis
 - Response, recovery, and root cause
- Applied activity: Learners reconstruct a simulated incident timeline from a set of host, network, and metadata artifacts, then identify the root cause.

Module 25: Exam Strategy, Practice Scenarios, and Review

- Lessons:
 - Performance-based question strategy
 - Full-length practice scenarios across all four domains
 - Reviewing weak domains and final readiness
- Applied activity: Learners complete a timed practice scenario set spanning all four domains and self-score against the domain weighting.